



# PROBLEM BASED LEARNING

# Environmental Control Technology

(Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning and Refrigeration)



**ECT 24: Commercial HVAC Systems** 

Disclaimer: This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant No. 0802595. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation



## Laney College



### PROBLEM BASED LEARNING (PBL) SCENARIO

**Instructor:** Chuck Frost

**Course:** Commercial HVAC Systems

Course Number/Code: ECT 24

#### **SCENARIO TITLE**

"How to Keep the Chiller Running"

#### **Key Course Concepts:**

• Demonstrate the ability to understand the Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning (HVAC) system of buildings and the thermodynamics of heat transfer.

#### **SCENARIO DURATION**

• 2 partial class periods: An introduction to the Problem Based Learning (PBL) process, presentation of sample projects, and class time to work on the project as a group

#### **BUSINESS PARTNER**

Laney College, Environmental Control Technology (ECT)

#### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

By the end of the semester, students will be able to demonstrate the ability to:

- Understand the HVAC system of buildings
- Calculate the amount of heat transfer
- Interpret and extract information from trend data and design documents

#### THE FOCUS OF THE PROBLEM

The focus of this Problem Based Learning (PBL) scenario is based around a real life scenario.

In various settings, the Problem Based Learning (PBL) scenario may be presented as a real time problem, hands-on scenario, or hypothetical problem. Using critical thinking and investigation, the students go through a process to solve a problem and provide recommendations for a solution.

## Laney College



#### PROBLEMATIC SITUATION

At the University of California, Berkeley, there is an 8 story building with a science laboratory in the basement. The building was undergoing a major infrastructure remodeling. In November, the nighttime outdoor temperature dropped into the high 30°F. This created problems for the chiller that was needed to supply water to keep the experiment running.

As a group, it your job to identify how to put enough BTUs on the chiller to keep it running in order to continue a long term Physics Department experiment and prevent critical data from being lost.

Questions to think about while investigating the Problem Based Learning (PBL) scenario:

**WHO** is involved?

**WHAT** is not working?

**WHEN** did the problem start?

WHERE is this scenario taking place?

**TIME** pressures or deadlines?

#### STUDENT MATERIALS

The instructor will provide students with the following information:

- A copy of the Problem Based Learning (PBL) cycle and steps
- An explanation of the Problem Based Learning (PBL) approach
- A brief history of the building remodel
- Images and graphics of the building
- Tool: "Need to Know" to gather information
- Tool: Scoring rubric for final presentation
- Problem Based Learning (PBL) scenario evaluations: Team evaluation and online survey

#### **Resources and Media:**

- The internet
- Educational materials and books

#### INSTRUCTOR ROLE

The instructor will support the Problem Based Learning (PBL) experience by:

- Introducing the scenario and process
- Facilitating reflection and discussion
- Providing applicable resources and materials
- Answering any questions related to the scenario and coursework
- Providing class time to work on the scenario

## Laney College



#### STUDENT ROLE AND GUIDELINES

#### Individual

The intended outcome will be measured by having each student:

- Distribute project tasks between the team members
- Perform a specific individual role in their team
- Perform a specific individual role in the final presentation
- Complete a Problem Based Learning (PBL) scenario and team evaluation as a part of the final project

#### STUDENT ROLE AND GUIDELINES

#### Team

The	intended	team	outcome	will be	e measured	by	providing:

A team presentation where each student will individually present a particular
segment (1-2 minutes) of the recommendations to solve the problem at the
University of California Berkeley Physics Department.
Turn in an electronic version of your team Power Point Presentation to the
instructor.
A single document which describes recommendations on the problem and the
solution(s).
A class discussion where each student on the team will make an oral presentation
of what they learned.

#### **Group Size:**

- 4 or 5 groups (Approximately 3-5 students per team)
- The Instructor will participate in the selection of members of each team

#### PRESENTATION DATE

The final presentation date: \_\_\_\_\_\_ (fill in date)

#### STUDENT FEEDBACK

As a team, and individually - students will review, assess and provide feedback regarding the Problem Based Learning (PBL) scenario experience.

Requirements of the final project: Before final presentation

• Completion of team member evaluation and online survey

#### **TEAM LINK**

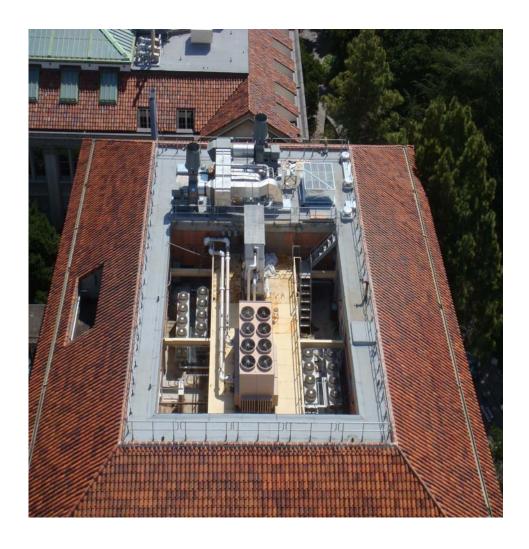
The instructor will support the team learning process by allowing:

• Time to meet during class, outside of class and on the phone to work on the scenario





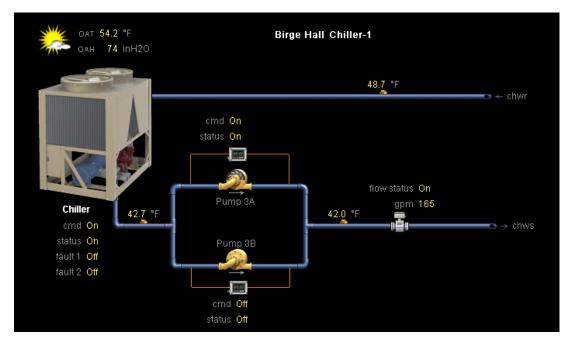
### Photograph: The University of California Berkeley, roof top view of Birge Hall







#### Screen shot 1, Title: Graphic screen from control system of Birge Hall chiller



### Screen shot 2, Title: Graphic screen from control system of air handling unit of Birge Hall

