Lecture 1 Goals

Welcome Chem 30A

- Introductory Chemistry
- Laney College
- Spring 2016 Semester
- Scott Beaver, Ph.D. (a.k.a. Dr. Scott)
- sbeaver@peralta.edu
 - I'm mostly away from email Fri, Sat, Sun... - otherwise I usually reply the following day.
- Add codes given next week. Please don't ask yet.

- Why are we in this classroom?
 - Historical perspective on science, chemistry, and technology (Ch 1.1)
- Do you belong in this class?
 - No previous chemistry experience is required.
 - Algebra prerequisite: Math 201 or 210D · If your math skills are lacking, make that your top priority.
- Math self assessment
- · Cover the syllabus
 - Policies, schedule, grading, study tips
 - Be familiar with this document!
 - Course materials
 - Textbook McMurry 7th (or any) edition Lab manual – from the bookstore
 - Follow lab attendance and dress code policies for a passing grade

Where does science come from? (Not on any exam.)

Natural science is proposed by ancient Greeks (~600 BC)

- Idea that the observable world (weather, heat, rocks) is explained exclusively in terms of the natural'stuffs' of our world as opposed to supernitival explanations

 - Scientific progress means improving on your teacher's methods
 - <u>Mathematics</u> enabling astronomy emerge around 150 BC
- Scientific method spreads after the dark ages Roger Bacon (1214-1294) borrows from Muslims on repeating cycles of observation hypothesis, experimentation, and verification
- Galileo (1562-1642) is called the father of the (modern) scientific method
- Descartes (1596-1650) fosters a scientific revolution with geometry and calculus Science is contained in 3D mathematical models, not just abstract ideas
- Chemistry and physics split around 14th century Renaissance in Europe - Experimental chemistry gains from Venetian glass blowing
- Periodic table of Mendelev (1869) organizes the elements Chem 192 picks up from here...



Every thing is composed of chemical "elements"



Slide taken from "Is there life after CMOS?" by Paul M. Soloman, IBM T. J. Watson Research Center.

CHEMISTRY *Chemistry teachers and textbook publishers may like Copyright @ 2010 Pearson Prentice Hall, Inc this slide. Other scientists might put their own story at the center! Copyright © 2010 Pearso

Chapter One

All branches of science rely on measurements based on chemistry



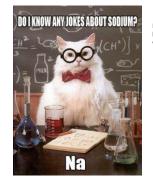
In Chem 30A, you will learn basic chemistry principles on which modern instrumentation and technology are based. You'll gain confidence in trusting your judgement over the analysis machine.

1.1 Modern chemistry is the central academic science*

Why are you here?

- Anonymously respond with <u>short</u> answers:
 - What are your educational/career objectives?
 - What grade do you want in Chem 30A?
 - How many hours per week do you plan to study, outside of class?
 - Describe any previous chemistry experience.
 - Rate your math skills on 1-10 scale
 - 10 = I'm really good at algebra

Let's take a 5-minute break.



Have a pen/pencil and blank sheet of paper when we resume.

1. Solve for $\kappa_{\rm th}^{\rm c} x - 1 - 2$	Math self-	$ \bigcirc \frac{\pi}{\mu} \begin{array}{l} s & -i & = 2 \\ \frac{\pi}{\gamma} & \frac{\pi}{\mu} \begin{array}{l} s & = 3 \\ s & = 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} s & \frac{\pi}{\gamma} \\ s & \frac{\pi}{\gamma} \end{array} $	Worked solutions
2. Graph the equation: $y = -2\varepsilon + 4$ 3. Simplify the following equations	assessment (neither collected nor graded)	$\begin{array}{c} \chi = \frac{32}{7} \\ \textcircled{O} \chi = -2\mu + \chi \psi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi $	If you can do this, you have a high probability of success in Chem30A!
 (a) ± − 4 + 2 − 10 + 2 (b) 5²/₂2² (c) -2n + 3(n + 2) + 4 4. Concert to scientific solutions, 60,000 5. The length of a rectangle is 2 ft most than to with a 20 ft. Paul the length of the rectangle. 	6. Solve the Shrodinger equation just kidding. WHAT PART OF $i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t}\Psi(\vec{r},t) = \left(-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\nabla^2 + V(\vec{r},t)\right)\Psi(\vec{r},t)$ DON'T YOU UNDERSTAND? The permeter of the extrange	$ \begin{array}{c} \textcircled{(1)} & \emptyset & \Im & -\frac{y}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - $	If this is not happening, you need to improve your math skills to pass Chem30A.

Let's cover the syllabus

- Policies
 - Strict lab policies for passing grade
 - You must withdraw if needed
 I don't drop students, except for no-shows
- Materials
 - Textbook: McMurry 7th Ed.
 - Chem30A lab manual
 - Printer access to print lab sheets
 - Scientific calculator (no graphing calculators or cell phones)
 Lab goggles
- Be prepared... know the schedule.
- Understand how your grade is computed.
- Apply the study tips for success!!



[syllabus is on the Moodle]